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SENATORS MAKE ANOTHER TRIP INTO MORMONDOM WITH HEAD OF CHURCH

President Joseph Smith Recalled in the Smoot Case and Further Questioned Regarding the Doings of the Apostles and Other High Church Dignitaries—Speculation As to What Action the Senate Committee Will Take.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Several officials of the Mormon church testified in the Senate Smoot case before the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections that they had plural wives and had continued to practice polygamous cohabitation since the manifesto of 1890.

Just before adjournment for the day the committee held an executive session for the purpose of having read the unprintable testimony in the Teasdale divorce case. The prosecution stated that it had no more witnesses ready to put on the stand on account of the failure of several summoned officials of the Mormon church to appear in answer.

President Joseph F. Smith was asked to use his influence with the witnesses and promised to get into communication with the witnesses if it was possible to do so.

Loren Harmer, formerly a bishop in the Mormon church today gave the first testimony in favor of the defense that has been offered thus far in the eight days of the hearings.

He said he was convicted of the crime of adultery and he believed that Reed Smoot was responsible for his arrest.

The charge against Harmer was unlawful cohabitation with a woman who was not his wife and not a prosecution on account of cohabitation with his plural wives.

President Joseph F. Smith and a number of officials of the church who have been witnesses in the case today were excused from further attendance and they will return to Utah.

There is much speculation here among those who have watched the proceedings and listened to the testimony as to what the probable outcome of the hearing will be. The committee must, of course, first dispose of the question of whether Senator Smoot is, by reason of his association with the Mormon church, a fit person to occupy a seat in the United States Senate.

In deciding this question the committee will, it is understood, make some recommendation to the Senate and suggest some method for correcting the existing evils in Utah. Whether these recommendations will go to the extent of suggesting the disfranchisement of the Mormon voters is, of course, purely problematical.

What recommendations are made will be supported by the testimony adduced before the committee and will include the shameful confessions or admissions of President Smith and Apostle Lyman. The testimony will be laid before the Senate with the committee's report.

It has been suggested by some that the Statehood of Utah has been endangered by reason of disclosures of the condition of affairs in the Mormon hierarchy. But this is a far cry and it is not at all probable that Statehood will be jeopardized. One thing is certain and that is that efforts will be made to suppress polygamous cohabitation. The captains in the fight along the line are the women's organizations and the rank and file of the army is legion.

PROCEEDINGS BEFORE COMMITTEE IN DETAIL

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The seventh day of the hearings in the Senator Smoot case was opened before the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections.

TO HAVE POLYGAMY PLACED ON LIST OF CRIMES AGAINST CONSTITUTION

CHICAGO, March 9.—The investigation in Washington of the case of Senator Smoot of Utah has stirred the Women's Christian Temperance union to action, and the organization will make united effort to have polygamy placed on the list of crimes against the Constitution of the United States.

EPIDEMIC OF FAMILY SUICIDE, A LA BESEKE, THREATENS BERLIN

BERLIN, March 9.—Another family tragedy similar to the Besoke case occurred today at Pankow, a suburb of Berlin. Theodore Brambach, a commercial traveler, took his wife and son to the circus on Thursday evening, and after returning home the family sat down to a supper. After his wife and son had gone to bed Brambach turned on the gas, but the rooms were too well ventilated and his plan of death failed.

This morning Brambach shot his son and his wife and then himself, having previously sent a servant to a friend with a letter explaining his act.

Brambach, like Lieut. Besoke, had lived far beyond his means and had become involved in financial difficulties.

ever, is expected to melt the heavy snows in the mountains by Sunday. If not, Lewiston will be in serious peril, for no vision and fuel are low. There are a score of deep cuts from Lombard to Lewiston, all filled with snow and at present impassable even to five new ploughs and a string of "buckers."

The chinook that set in Monday, how-

statistics in regard to the church and the number of polygamists in Utah.

Mr. Smith had said the entire interview consisted of statistics and that in that statement he had said nothing for the purpose of supporting the candidacy of Reed Smoot for the United States Senate.

Upon hearing the interview read, Mr. Smith admitted he had been quoted correctly in regard to Mr. Smoot, and had urged his election.

Mr. Smith said he was acquainted with Benjamin Cluff, Jr., president of the board of faculty of the Brigham Young academy, and that he is reputed to be a polygamist. He also was asked about Abraham Cannon, and if the general charge had not been that he took a plural wife, Lillian Hamlin, since the manifesto of 1890.

Mr. Smith said that had been a newspaper charge and he had paid no attention to it.

OFFICERS OF CHURCH SENSITIVE

"The officers of the Mormon church are sensitive in regard to the charge that plural marriages have been performed since 1890, are they not?" Mr. Taylor asked.

Mr. Smith said he thought they were sensitive on the subject.

He was asked then whether he had taken any steps to run down the stories that the laws had been violated by officers of the church. He answered that the public charge did not concern him and that if he took the time to answer all the charges made against himself and other officials of the church he would not have time to do other work.

Reference was made especially to the charges against George Teasdale, an apostle, and Mr. Smith was asked if he did not feel called upon in that case to

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WOMAN IS DIVORCED WHEN HUSBAND IS CHURCHED

How the Wife of a Polygamist Regained Her Freedom When the Affections of Her Spouse Wandered Into Forbidden Paths.

WOMAN MARRIED INTO POLYGAMY AFTER THE MANIFESTO BY APOSTLE TEASDALE'S COUNSELLOR—SHE WAS DIVORCED BY HER HUSBAND'S EXPULSION FROM CHURCH—HE GETS BACK INTO GOOD FELLOWSHIP BY MARRYING HIS CONCUBINE.

The Salt Lake woman quoted in The Tribune yesterday as having become the plural wife of Elder Nielsen at Durango, Mexico, one year after the manifesto, declares that the ceremony was performed by A. F. MacDonald, a counselor of Apostle Teasdale, who was at that time president of the Mexican mission. It was at this same MacDonald's house that Mabel Barber Kennedy was "sealed" to Bishop Johnson in celestial marriage. From what she knows of Mormon customs the woman is positive that a counselor to Teasdale would not dare to perform such a ceremony without the consent of his superior.

The affair of her marriage to Nielsen is hardly less interesting than

BLACKS FLEE FROM WRATH OF WHITE MOBS IN SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 9.—At 11 o'clock tonight the militia had dispersed the crowds in the central part of the city, but it was feared they would form elsewhere for later movements. While there are 15,000 negroes in this city, none were seen anywhere tonight.

The body of Dixon, the negro who was lynched, was privately interred here tonight in Ferncliff cemetery. The order for saloons to remain closed is being observed, but no attention is paid to the Mayor's proclamation for the people to keep off the streets.

It is thought hundreds of negroes are out in the woods around the city tonight, as they cannot be found within the limits. No women or children are forced to remain out overnight as the crowds threaten only males. There are two or three among what are called "bad" negroes that are said to be wanted by the crowd, and the negroes fear others are wanted.

Telegrams are being received by ne-

TWO MORE WITNESSES TO BE HEARD IN SMOOT CASE

Senate Committee Will Then Take a Recess, During Which President Smith of the Mormon Church Will Try to Persuade Absent Witnesses to Answer.

PROPOSITION BEING URGED ON THE SENATE AND PRESIDENT TO NAME THE PANAMA CANAL AFTER THE LATE SENATOR HANNA—MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE WEST.

BY A. F. PHILLIPS.

Tribune Bureau, National Hotel, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.

Two more witnesses in the Smoot case from Salt Lake City, Messrs. Critchlow and Hiles, are to be heard when the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections will take a recess until six witnesses viz., John Henry Smith, George Teasdale, John W. Taylor, M. F. Cowley, J. M. Tanner and Moses Thatcher can reach here. Two of this number have been subpoenaed, but the others have not been served, being out of the jurisdiction of the United States.

President Joseph F. Smith told the committee today that he would use his influence to induce the absent witnesses to return and answer service.

All the other witnesses except the two cited and now here have been excused and will leave for Salt Lake City tomorrow.

Each of them received about \$200 mileage and per diem.

Many prominent men throughout the country have written Senators requesting them to urge President Roosevelt to name the Panama canal after the late Marcus A. Hanna, who was chairman of the Senate Inter-Oceanic canal committee.

Senator Kearns was at the White House today discussing the political situation in the West with the President. He also spoke earnestly in favor of Willard Young for a position upon the Mississippi River commission.

Senator Kearns has secured pension for Mrs. Emily J. De Wolf of Ogden of \$8 a month and back pay from the date of her husband's death.

The removal of Fred S. Jackson, a railway mail clerk between Ogden and San Francisco has been ordered by the Postoffice department.

Former Senator Helfield made a statement regarding the Smith-Woolley case before the sub-committee of the Senate this morning. This was presented to the Senate, but no action was taken. The matter was over, Woolley will be confirmed, but the fight may be a prolonged one.

The story of the marriage itself. She says that the elder became entangled in a liaison with a woman to whom he was neither married nor sealed. This was a very serious offense in the eyes of the church authorities, and they communicated, or "disfellowshipped" Nielsen. His first and second wives were then told by Teasdale that his excommunication acted as a divorce, and they were at liberty to leave him and marry someone else. The first wife, having several children and nowhere to go, decided to remain with her husband, but the second, who is now in Salt Lake, took advantage of the opportunity to leave him. She has heard since that Nielsen afterward married his paramour according to the laws of the church, and was reinstated as a member of the congregation.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS AND MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN PROPERTY DESTROYED

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 9.—More than a million dollars' worth of property has been destroyed by the flood in the Wyoming valley, and over two thousand families rendered homeless.

Though the river is falling at Wilkesbarre tonight towns in the vicinity of Bloomsburg are experiencing the worst flood in their history.

Three spans of the great steel bridge erected by the State at Catawissa were swept from their piers early in the afternoon and the two remaining spans collapsed. The ice broke early in the afternoon at Catawissa and moved for an hour, and then gorged again.

The Pennsylvania railroad bridge over Catawissa creek went out this afternoon. The second street wagon bridge was also swept away. This was the last bridge remaining on Catawissa creek.

The ice moved at Danville early in the afternoon and carried the great covered bridge from its piers. The bridge was 2000 feet in length.

At 10 o'clock tonight a report comes from Sayre, Pa., that the ice broke at 8 o'clock and that a ninety-six-mile gorge was on its way down the street.

Industries all along the Susquehanna river, from Pittston to Nanticoke, are closed down on account of the high water, and in many places water is flowing into the mines. In the central portion of Wilkesbarre today business

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MODERN NAPOLEON AT HEAD OF JAPANESE ARMY

Reports From the Seat of War in the East Credit the Little Brown Men With Having Flanked the Russian Forces, Which Places Mukden and the Railroads Within Their Grasp—Reported Sea Fight Lacks Confirmation.

LONDON, March 10.—A dispatch to the Times from Wei-Hai-Wei, dated March 9th, says:

"It is reported on good authority that a collision between Japanese and Russian troops has occurred near Haiju, Korea, fifty-four miles northwest of Chemulpo, which resulted in the defeat of the Russians."

WONDERFUL MILITARY ACHIEVEMENT CREDITED JAPANESE GENERALS BY REPORT

LONDON, March 10.—No further news has reached London of the reported fighting at Port Arthur, or of the fate of the Russian Vladivostok squadron. Up to a late hour last night the Japanese Legation here had heard nothing of these reported occurrences, but it is considered significant that none of the Russian official dispatches make any mention of the Vladivostok cruisers.

The news from Washington of the appearance of Japanese forces at Fung Wang Chang, about 45 miles northwest of Antung in Manchuria, and Tashan, a few miles inland from the mouth of the Yalu river, is regarded as most important. According to the Tientsin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, the Japanese advanced from the Yalu river, captured Fung Wang Chang, and drove out the Russians in the vicinity of the Taku Ling Eastern Pass, and are in force seventy miles east of Newchwang. The Russians, with 25,000 men, are entrenched strongly at Liaoyang and Hsuehsiang, where fighting is imminent. Some small engagements already have been fought, the Russians retiring with losses.

This correspondent says further that the Japanese are using the same tactics and advancing along the same route they followed during the Chinese war.

The Yinkow correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald also vaguely reports the Japanese to be

(Additional War News on Page 2.)

BARONESS VON STERNBERG'S FATHER DEAD IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Baroness von Sternberg, wife of the German Consul, received a brief dispatch today from her uncle, Arthur Langham of Louisville, announcing the sudden death of her father, Charles Langham, on his estate in southern California.

The German Ambassador at once called on Mrs. Langham and her secretary, Miss Violet Langham, who are spending the winter in southern Italy. The news was a severe shock to

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COPPER KINGS WAGING A MERRY WAR IN MONTANA.

Battle for Possession of the Michael Devitt Mine at Butte Results in Six Arrests Being Made.

AS A CLIMAX UNITED STATES MARSHAL TAKES MAGNATE HEINZE AND TWO OF HIS CHIEF LIEUTENANTS INTO CUSTODY FOR CONTEMPT OF FEDERAL COURT.

BUTTE, Mont., March 9.—The legal battle between the amalgamated Copper company and the Heinze people was replete with sensational developments today. Six arrests were made, three on each side of the long standing controversy as to which is entitled to possession of the Michael Devitt mine. At the instance of J. H. Terrie, superintendent of the Montana Ore Purchasing company's mines, warrants were issued for the arrest of Henry Bill, Thomas Froehomme and Thomas Roe on a charge of reckless and malicious use of explosives. The men are employed in the Pennsylvania mine, and they are specifically accused of blasting stops in the Rarus mine, one of Heinze's properties, and endangering the lives of several miners.

HEINZE ARRESTED.

Later in the day F. A. Heinze, J. H. Terrie and Al Frank were arrested by United States Marshal Lloyd for alleged violation of the Federal court's order granting the Butte & Boston company permission to inspect the Michael Devitt mine through the underground workings of the Rarus. Upon complaint being formally made to Marshal Lloyd that Messrs. Terrie and Frank refused to permit the inspection party to penetrate a secret passageway in the Devitt, steps were at once taken to enforce the contempt order. Marshal Lloyd placed both Terrie and Frank under arrest. The officer permitted them to confer with Mr. Heinze. The two men hurried to the offices of the Montana Ore Purchasing company, where they were soon closeted with their chief.

About 4 o'clock Heinze was arrested for disobeying Judge Beatty's order, armed with the necessary papers Marshal Lloyd knocked at the Montana Ore Purchasing office door.

MARSHAL IN DOUBT.

A brief conference was held, Heinze calling in some of his attorneys for consultation. Marshal Lloyd was in doubt on certain points raised during the conversation, and he left the building, going direct to the Federal courtrooms in the Owsley block to get the advice of Judge Knowles.

Marshal Lloyd returned to the M. O. P. office at 4:20 o'clock and quietly announced to Mr. Heinze that the latter was under arrest.

Rumors had it that Messrs. Heinze, Terrie and Frank would be taken to Helena without delay and placed in the county jail there.

"They will be permitted to remain in Butte tonight," the Marshal said in reply to inquiries. "Mr. Heinze desires to bring this matter before Judge Knowles tomorrow morning."

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FRENCH STEAMER LOST AND FIFTY DROWNED

LONDON, March 9.—A special dispatch from Paris announces that the French steamer Cambodge (of 233 tons), which left Rangoon February 17th for Cebu, China, and European ports, has been wrecked in a storm off the coast of Cebu, China.

The dispatch adds that it is believed fifty persons perished in the wreck.

PAPERS IN WOOLLEY CASE DEMANDED

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Carmack today introduced a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for all papers and documents filed in relation to the appointment of H. Smith Woolley as Assayer at Boise, Ida.